



BOYS' HIGH SCHOOL AND COLLEGE
FIRST TERM EXAMINATION (2025-26)
CLASS - IX
HISTORY AND CIVICS

Time Allowed - 2 Hrs.

M.M: 80

Answers to this paper must be written on the answer sheet provided separately.

You will not be allowed to write during the first 15 minutes.

This time is to be spent in reading the question paper.

The time given at the head of this paper is the time allowed for writing the answers.

Attempt all questions from **Part I (Compulsory)**.

A total of *five* questions are to be attempted from Part II. Two out of three questions from *Section A* and three out of five questions from *Section B*.

The intended marks for questions or parts of questions are given in [].

(PART- I)

(Attempt all questions from this part)

Question 1. Choose the correct option:

[16]

1. Who among the following discovered the Harappan site?
 a) Daya Ram Sahni
 b) Rakhal Das Banerji
 c) N.G Majumdar
 d) None of the above
2. The Great bath was found at
 a) Harappa
 b) Lothal
 c) Chanhudaro
 d) Mohanjodaro
3. _____ is the world's earliest known dock.
 a) Banawali
 b) Kalibangan
 c) Lothal
 d) None of the above
4. The Veda which deals with the rituals is known as
 a) Rig veda
 b) Yajur veda
 c) Sama veda
 d) Atharva veda
5. The Atharva Veda does not discuss the ideal of _____
 a) Karma
 b) Gyan
 c) Upasana
 d) Moksha
6. Krishna served as Arjun's mentor and charioteer in the great war of _____.
 a) Hastinapur
 b) Lanka
 c) Kurukshetra
 d) Ayodhya
7. _____ was the period of renunciation.
 a) Brahmacharya
 b) Sanyasa
 c) Vanaprastha
 d) Grihastha
8. An official order or Proclamation issued by a person in authority or a sovereign _____.
 a) Pillars
 b) Edicts
 c) Masonry
 d) None of the above.
9. Tamil literature speaks of _____ Sangams.
 a) one
 b) two
 c) three
 d) four
10. The drafting committee was set up on _____ under the chairmanship of Dr B R Ambedkar.
 a) 15 August 1947
 b) 16 August 1947
 c) 29 August 1945
 d) 29 August 1947
11. The first draft of the Constitution was published in February _____.
 a) 1947
 b) 1948
 c) 1949
 d) 1950
12. _____ means a spirit of brotherhood.
 a) Equality
 b) Liberty
 c) Fraternity
 d) None of the above.
13. _____ is the soul and spirit of the Constitution.
 a) Freedom
 b) Justice
 c) The Preamble
 d) None of the above.
14. _____ means that no person is above the law and that every individual has equal access to the courts.
 a) Prohibition
 b) Equality before law
 c) Equality of opportunity
 d) None of the above.
15. _____ are written orders of the court.
 a) Writs
 b) Articles
 c) Judgements
 d) Conviction
16. Part IV of the Constitution contains _____.
 a) Right to Education
 b) Directive Principles
 c) Right to Freedom of Religion
 d) Right to property

Question 2 :

- i) What is meant by Directive Principles of State Policy ? [2]
- ii) Name any two important aristocratic buildings of Harappan Civilization. [2]

- iii) What are the two Epics ? Name the authors. [2]
 iv) What is meant by Sapta Sindhu ? [2]
 v) Name any two deities worshipped by the Aryans. [2]
 vi) Who were the founders of Jainism and Buddhism? [2]
 vii) What is the meaning of ' preventive detention'? [2]

PART II

SECTION A (20 Marks)

(Answer any two questions from this Section.)

Question 3:

I. With reference to the Constitution of India explain the following:-

- i) Name the three organs of the Indian Constitution. (3)
 ii) State the significance of 26th January. (3)
 iii) What is universal adult franchise, and how does it help in promoting national unity? (4)

Question 4: With reference to the Fundamental Rights answer the following:

- i) Why are the Fundamental Rights so called? (3)
 ii) State their three characteristic features. (3)
 iii) Briefly explain the components of the Right to Equality. (4)

Question 5 : With reference to the classification of Fundamental Rights, answer the following questions:-

- i) Explain in brief the Cultural and Educational Rights (3)
 ii) Mention any three grounds on which reasonable restrictions can be imposed on Fundamental Rights. (3)
 iii) Write short notes on the following: (4)
 a) Mandamus
 b) Certiorari

SECTION - B (30 Marks)

(Attempt any three questions from this section)

Question 6:

With the reference to the Vedic society, Explain the following:

- Q1. The class divisions that existed in the society? (3)
 Q2. The position of women in the Vedic Society? (3)
 Q3. The four stages of life? (4)

Question 7: Study the picture given below and answer the questions that follow :-



- i) Identify the structure in the above picture and name the place where it was found. (3)
 ii) Mention any three significance of the above structure. (3)
 iii) Name another architectural structure of this period. How does this structure shows that Harappan Civilisation was highly developed? (4)

Question 8 : With reference to the Sangam age, answer the following.

- i) What are the significance of the three Sangams? (3)
 ii) What are megaliths, and what insights do they provide about the burial practices, social organization, and cultural exchange during the Sangam Age ? (3)
 iii) What does the Tolukkappiyam say about ways of living of the people during the Sangam age? (4)

Question 9 : With reference to the sources of information about the Gupta Age, write short notes on the following:

- i) Accounts of Fa-hien. (3)
 ii) The Allahabad Pillar Inscription (3)
 iii) Nalanda University (4)

Question 10 :With reference to the sources of information on the Mauryan Empire, explain briefly the significance of the following:

- i) Arthashastra. (3)
 ii) Indika. (3)
 iii) Stupas (4)
